APPENDIX TABLE 1-16 III

Average TIMSS mathematics scores of students in grade 4, by education system: 2015

(Average score)

Education system	Grade 4	Comparison with U.S. scor
TIMSS scale centerpoint	500	
Singapore ^a	618	
Hong Kong (China) ^b	615	
South Korea	608	
Taiwan (China)	597	
Japan	593	
Northern Ireland (UK) ^c	570	
Russia	564	
Norway (5 years of school)	549	
Ireland	547	
Belgium (Flemish) ^b	546	
England (UK)	546	
Kazakhstan	544	
Portugal ^a	541	
United States ^{a,b}	539	
Denmark ^{a,b}	539	
Lithuania ^a	535	
Finland	535	
Poland	535	
Netherlands ^b	530	
Hungary	529	
Czech Republic	528	
Bulgaria	524	
Cyprus	523	
Germany	522	

Education system	Grade 4	Comparison with U.S. sco
Slovenia	520	
Sweden ^a	519	
Serbia ^d	518	
Australia	517	
Canada ^{a,b,e}	511	
ltaly ^a	507	
Spain ^a	505	
Croatia	502	
Slovakia	498	
New Zealand	491	
France	488	
Turkey	483	
Georgia ^e	463	
Chile	459	
United Arab Emirates	452	
Bahrain ^a	451	
Qatar	439	
Iran	431	
Oman	425	
Indonesia	397	
Jordan	388	
Saudi Arabia ^f	383	
Morocco	377	
Kuwait ^f	353	

 $[\]approx$ = not significantly different from the U.S. score at the 0.05 level; $^{\circ}$ = significantly higher than the U.S. score at the 0.05 level; $^{\circ}$ = significantly lower than the U.S. score at the 0.05 level.

TIMSS = Trends in International Mathematics and Science Study; UK = United Kingdom.

- ^a National defined population covers 90% to 95% of the national target population.
- ^b These education systems met guidelines for sample participation rates only after replacement schools were included.
- ^c These education systems nearly satisfied guidelines for sample participation rates after replacement schools were included.
- ^d National defined population covers less than 90% of the national target population (but at least 77%).
- ^e National target population does not include all of the international target population.
- f Reservations about reliability exist because the percentage of students with achievement too low for estimation exceeds 15% but does not exceed 25%.

Note(s)

Education systems are ordered by average score. Education systems that are not countries are designated by the appended three-letter international abbreviation for their country. The TIMSS scale centerpoint is set at 500 points and represents the mean of the overall achievement distribution in 1995. The TIMSS scale is the same in each administration; thus, a value of 500 in 2015 equals 500 in 1995. For TIMSS 2015, Norway revised its assessed population to students in their fifth and ninth years of schooling to obtain better comparisons with Sweden and Finland. However, in previous TIMSS cycles, Norway assessed students in their fourth and eighth years of schooling, which were defined as fourth and eighth grades but have been redefined as third and seventh grades because year 1 in Norway is now considered the equivalent of a year of kindergarten. To maintain trends with previous TIMSS cycles, in 2015, Norway also collected data from students in their fourth and eighth years of schooling, which is used in trend tables.

Source(s)

Provasnik S, Malley L, Stephens M, Landeros K, Perkins R, Tang JH, *Highlights from TIMSS and TIMSS Advanced 2015: Mathematics and Science Achievement of U.S. Students in Grades 4 and 8 and in Advanced Courses at the End of High School in an International Context,* NCES 2017-002 (2016).

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